AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1, 14 and 20 are amended. Claims 1-20 are pending. The following is the status of the claims of the above-captioned application, as amended.

- Claim 1. (Currently amended.) A method for generating a gene library from an environmental pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms, which gene library is enriched in DNA encoding a polypeptide with an activity of interest, which method comprises:
- a) subjecting the environmental pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms to cultivation under conditions wherein the pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms is enriched in microorganisms harbouring said DNA, thereby forming an enriched environmental pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms, and
- b) preparing a gene library from the enriched environmental pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms, wherein prior to said preparing there is no further purification of the enriched environmental poor of microorganisms.
- Claim 2. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the conditions are culturing in a medium that contains a substrate for the polypeptide with an activity of interest encoded by said DNA.
- Claim 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the substrate constitutes the carbon source and/or nitrogen source of the medium.
- Claim 4. (Previously presented) The method of claim 2, wherein the substrate comprises pectin, amylose, cellulose, galactose, xylose or arabinose or a combination thereof.
- Claim 5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the pool of microorganisms is enriched by one or more growth restrictions.
- Claim 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the growth restrictions comprise pH and temperature.
- Claim 7. (Previously presented) The method of claim 5, wherein the growth restrictions are pH 9-11 and temperature 50-70°C.

- Claim 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the gene library is enriched in DNA encoding an enzyme of interest.
- Claim 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the enzyme of interest comprises a hydrolase, an oxidoreductase, a transferase, a lyase or a ligase.
- Claim 10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the enzyme of interest comprises a protease, lipase, beta-galactosidase, lactase, polygalacturonase, beta-glucoamylase, esterase, hemicellulase, peroxidase, oxidase, laccase or glucose oxidase.
- Claim 11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the enzyme of interest is a pectinase, an amylase, a galactanase, an arabinase, a xylanase, or a cellulase.
- Claim 12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the environmental pool ofcomprising microorganisms comprises enzyme producing microorganisms.
- Claim 13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the microorganisms comprise bacteria or fungi.
- Claim 14. (Currently amended.) A method of identifying a DNA sequence encoding a polypeptide of interest from an environmental pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms, which method comprises:
- a) subjecting the environmental pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms to cultivation under conditions wherein the pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms is enriched in microorganisms harbouring said DNA sequence, thereby forming an enriched environmental pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms:
- b) producing gene libraries from the enriched environmental pool of <u>comprising</u> microorganisms, wherein prior to said preparing there is no further purification of the enriched environmental poor of comprising microorganisms, and
- c) screening the libraries of step b) to identify a DNA sequence encoding the polypeptide of interest.

- Claim 15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the polypeptide of interest encodes an enzyme.
- Claim 16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the gene libraries are screened in step c) for an active enzyme.
- Claim 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the polypeptide of interest encodes a hydrolase, an oxidoreductase, a transferase, a lyase or a ligase.
- Claim 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the polypeptide of interest encodes a protease, lipase, beta-galactosidase, lactase, polygalacturonase, beta-glucoamylase, esterase, hemicellulase, peroxidase, oxidase, laccase or glucose oxidase.
- Claim 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the polypeptide of interest encodes a pectinase, an amylase, a galactanase, an arabinase, a xylanase, or a cellulase.
- Claim 20. (Currently amended.) The method of claim 14, wherein the conditions are culturing in a medium that contains a substrate for the polypeptide with an activity of interest encoded by said DNA.